

# **Bacterial nanocellulose/MoS<sub>2</sub> hybrid aerogels as bifunctional adsorbent/photocatalyst membranes for *in-flow* water decontamination**

**Elias P. Ferreira-Neto<sup>a</sup>, Sajjad Ullah<sup>ac</sup>, Thais C.A. da Silva<sup>a</sup>, Rafael R. Domenegueti<sup>a</sup>, Amanda P. Perissinotto<sup>d</sup>, Fábio S. de Vicente<sup>e</sup>, Ubirajara P. Rodrigues-Filho<sup>d</sup>, Sidney J. L. Ribeiro<sup>a\*</sup>**

<sup>a</sup>*Institute of Chemistry, São Paulo State University (UNESP), Araraquara, SP, Brazil*

<sup>c</sup>*Institute of Chemical Sciences, University of Peshawar, Peshawar, Pakistan*

<sup>d</sup>*Institute of Chemistry of São Carlos, University of São Paulo, São Carlos, SP, Brazil*

<sup>e</sup>*Institute of Geosciences and Exact Sciences, São Paulo State University (UNESP), Rio Claro, SP, Brazil*

e-mail: [sidney.jl.ribeiro@unesp.br](mailto:sidney.jl.ribeiro@unesp.br)

To address the limitations associated with the use powder nanophotocatalysts in water purification, in this study, we report the preparation of self-standing, porous hybrid aerogel membranes, (BC/MoS<sub>2</sub>, with excellent adsorption-cum-photocatalytic properties. A molecular precision in the coating of quantum-confined MoS<sub>2</sub> nanostructures on bacterial cellulose (BC) nanofibrils was achieved through precursors' pre-adsorption on BC, followed by controlled hydrothermal growth, thus yielding hybrid BC/MoS<sub>2</sub> aerogels, characterized by high surface area and pore volume and controlled interlayer distance in the MoS<sub>2</sub> nanostructures. The resulting porous membranes, particularly those with inter-layer expanded MoS<sub>2</sub>, when used inside a specifically design photoreactor, allow efficient *in-flow* removal of both organic molecule (MB) and heavy metal (Cr(VI)) ions, separately and/or simultaneously, under UV-vis light illumination and exhibit excellent recyclability and photostability. This highly efficient hybrid aerogel/photoreactor assembly represents a significant advancement in the use of self-standing monolithic aerogel materials for photocatalytic applications in liquid media.

## Acknowledgements

The authors would like to thank São Paulo Research Foundation (FAPESP) for financial support (grants #2015/22828-6 and 2018/01934-0,)